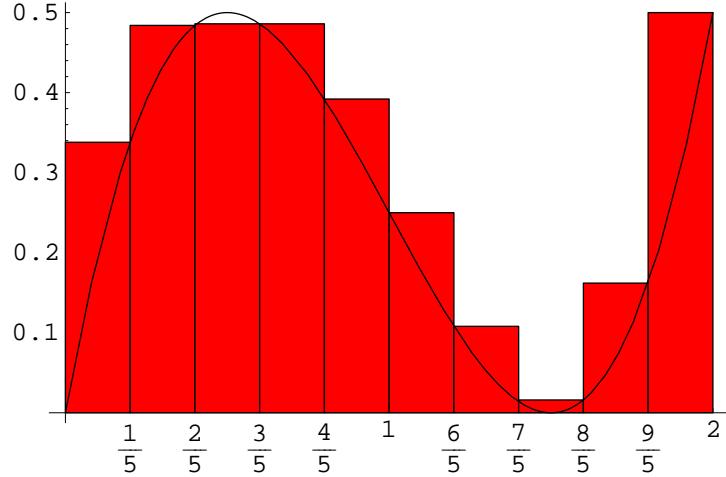


The Meaning of an Integral



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \text{area of rectangle } i \\
 & \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \text{height of rectangle } i \times \text{width of rectangle } i \\
 & \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} f(c_i)(x_{i+1} - x_i) \quad \text{where } c_i \in (x_{i+1}, x_i) \\
 & \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} f(c_i)\Delta x \\
 & \int_a^b f(x) dx = \lim_{\|\Delta x\| \rightarrow 0} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} f(c_i)\Delta x.
 \end{aligned}$$

Note, as the width of the rectangles decreases, the number of rectangles ($n - 1$) increases.